SUBJECT CARD

Faculty of Medicine and Health Sciences Field of studies: Medicine Form of studies: Full-time course Degree: long-cycle Master's programme Specializations: No specialization Academic year: 2022/2023

| | ELEMENTS OF LIVING MATTER | |
|----------------------------|---|--|
| SUBJECT NAME | Elements of living matter | |
| NUMBER OF ECTS POINTS | 4 | |
| LANGUAGE OF INSTRUCTION | English | |
| TEACHER(S) | dr Małgorzata Kalemba-Drożdż, mkalemba-drozdz@afm.edu.pl dr Janusz Ligęza, jligeza@afm.edu.pl mgr Sonia Trojan | |
| PERSON RESPONSIBLE | dr Małgorzata Kalemba-Drożdż | |
| NUMBER OF HOURS | | |
| LECTURES | 40 | |
| CLASSES | 20 | |
| GENERAL OBJECTIVES | | |
| OBJECTIVE 1 | To familiarize students with function organic compounds spawning a human body. To acquaint students with the basic metabolism processes. | |
| OBJECTIVE 2 | Giving the regulation of enzyme, substrate, hormonal and neural circuits and metabolic cycles of forming the basis of health and disease status. Specifying the role of DNA in bodily functions. | |
| LEARNING OUTCOMES | | |
| MK1 | Knowledge: Student is familiar with the construction of simple organic compounds that builds macromolecules in cells, extracellular matrix and body fluids. | |
| MK2 | Knowledge: Student is familiar with the structure of lipids and polysaccharides and their functions in cellular and extracellular structures. | |
| МКЗ | Knowledge: Student knows the primary, secondary, tertiary and quaternary protein structures; is familiar with the posttranslational and functional modifications of the protein and their importance. | |

| | ELEMENTS OF LIVING MATTER |
|-----|---|
| МК4 | Knowledge: Student knows the function of nucleotides in the cell; primary and secondary structure of RNA; the structure of DNA and chromatin. |
| МК5 | Knowledge: Student knows the functions of the human genome, transcriptome and proteome as well as the basic methods used in their study; knows replication processes, DNA repair and recombination; transcription and translation; degradation of DNA, RNA and proteins; the concepts of regulation of gene expression. |
| MK6 | Knowledge: the Student knows the basic catabolic and anabolic pathways, how they are regulated and how genetic and environmental factors affect them. |
| МК7 | Knowledge: Student knows the way of signal transduction pathways: intracellular, between the cells, between cell and extracellular matrix, as well as examples of disorders in these processes leading to the development of cancers and other diseases. |
| МК8 | Knowledge: Student knows the processes of: cell cycle, proliferation, differentiation and ageing of cells, apoptosis and necrosis as well as their importance for the functioning of the body. |
| MS1 | Skills: Student can predict the direction of biochemical processes depending on the energy state of the cells. |
| MS2 | Skills: Student can use basic laboratory techniques such as qualitative analysis, titration, colorimetry, pH-metry, chromatography, electrophoresis of proteins and nucleic acids. |
| MS3 | Skills: Student can operate Simple Measuring Instruments and assess the accuracy of measurements. |
| MS4 | Skills: Student can use databases, including the Internet ones; searches for the information, which is needed, using the available tools. |
| MS5 | Skills: Student can select and perform basic statistical analyzes, use appropriate methods to present results, interpret meta-analysis results and perform survival probability analysis. |
| MS6 | Skills: Student can plan and conduce simple scientific researches, interpret their results and take conclusions. |
| MC1 | Social competences: Student perceives and recognizes their own limitations and self-evaluates deficits and educational needs. |
| MC2 | Social competences: Student uses objective sources of information. |
| MC3 | Social competences: Student formulates conclusions from their own measurements or observations. |

| | ELEMENTS OF LIVING MATTER | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| MC4 | Social competences: Student implements the principles of professional camaraderie and cooperation in a team of professionals, including representatives of other medical professions, also in a multicultural and multi-ethnic environment. | | |
| MC5 | Social competences: Student has an awareness of their own limitations and the ability to constantly learn. | | |
| | | | |
| Knowledge of the principle | Knowledge of the principles of physics and chemistry underlying biological processes | | |
| COURSE PROGRAM | DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE TOPIC BLOCKS | | |
| LECTURE 1 | The molecular structure of the human body. Molecules and macromolecules. Information transduction. Catabolism and anabolism. Amino acids – structure and functions. Catabolism – transamination, deamination, urea cycle. Amino acid metabolic blocks. | | |
| LECTURE 2 | Peptides – structure and functions. Peptide bond. Structure and function of proteins. 1',2',3' and 4' structure. Composition of culture media. | | |
| LECTURE 3 | Enzymes. Structure of enzymes, mechanism of action. Specificity. Classification. Cofactors. Factors affecting activity. Enzyme kinetics. Inhibitors. | | |
| LECTURE 4 | Saccharides. Sugars' stereochemistry. Structure and functions of mono- and polysaccharides. Glycolipids. Blood groups AB0. | | |
| LECTURE 5 | Glucose metabolism: glycolysis, pentose phosphate pathway, gluconeogenesis, Cori's cycle, hexoses' metabolism. Glycogen synthesis, glycogenolysis. Transport of glucose through membranes. | | |
| LECTURE 6 | Krebs cycle. Electron transport chain. The mechanism of ATP synthase action. | | |
| LECTURE 7 | Structure and function of lipids. Simple lipids, membrane lipids, waxes, isoprene lipids. Lipid digestion and fatty acid absorption. Beta-oxidation of fatty acids, liponeogenesis. Keton bodies. Structure and function of serum lipoproteins. Functions of cholesterol and its derivatives. Structure and function of eicosanoids. Construction of biological membranes. | | |
| LECTURE 8 | Structure and function of nucleotides. Synthesis and catabolism of purine and pyrimidine nucleotides. Structure and function of nucleic acids. | | |
| LECTURE 9 | Genetic code. Non-coding RNA. DNA replication. Transcription and translation. Regulation of gene expression at the level of transcription and translation. Protein biosynthesis. Post-translational protein modification. | | |

| | ELEMENTS OF LIVING MATTER | |
|---|---|--|
| LECTURE 10 | Basics of hormonal regulation. Synthesis, transport, mechanism of hormone action. The role of free radicals in life processes. Detection of reactive oxygen species. Antioxidative systems of the organism. | |
| CLASS 1 | Characteristic reactions of amino acids. Quantitative determination of total protein by BCA and Bradford methods in blood serum. Definition of serum, plasma, whole blood. Statistical analysis of data. | |
| CLASS 2 | Detection of enzymatic activity. Determination of the activity of enzymes such as pancreatic amylase, peroxidase, lactate dehydrogenase, creatine kinase, to assess the functions of the organs: liver, pancreas, skeletal muscles and heart muscle. Enzyme- linked immunoassays. | |
| CLASS 3 | Enzyme kinetics. Enzyme inhibitors. | |
| CLASS 4 | Saccharides. Quantitative determination of glucose. Glycolysis and fermentation. Detection of the presence of starch and glycogen in biological material. | |
| CLASS 5 | Lipids. Qualitative analysis of lipids. | |
| DIDACTIC METHODS (APP | LIED) | |
| | Lectures Multimedia presentations Laboratory exercises Group work Learning by doing Basic statistical analysis of data in MS Excel | |
| STUDENTS WORKLOAD | | |
| CONTACT HOURS WITH THE ACADEMIC TEACHER | 60 hours | |
| HOURS WITHOUT THE PARTICIPATION OF THE ACADEMIC TEACHER | Preparation for classes: 30 hours Preparation of report, presentation, medical history: 10 hours Preparation for the exam: 20 hours | |
| TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS FOR THE COURSE | 120 hours | |
| CONDITIONS FOR COURSE COMPLETION | | |
| | Active participation in classes. Positive rating in all partial tests. Submission of written reports on all laboratory classes. Positive rating in the final exam. | |

| | ELEMENTS OF LIVING MATTER | |
|---|--|--|
| METHODS OF ASSESMEN | Г | |
| IN TERMS OF KNOWLEDGE | Open questions, test | |
| IN TERMS OF SKILLS | Observation of students during work, submitting a written report on the experiments carried out using laboratory techniques | |
| IN TERMS OF SOCIAL COMPETENCE | Observation of a student during group work, active participation in classes | |
| FORMATIVE | Entrance tests with open questions on each exercise | |
| SUMMATIVE (I & II terms) | EXAM: test 60-80 questions, 2 open questions, calculations RETAKE EXAM: test, open questions | |
| GRADING SCALE | | |
| 3,0 (Satisfactory) | 60-69% of the maximum number of points (applies to tests and final test) | |
| 3,5 (Satisfactory plus) | 70-79% of the maximum number of points (In open questions the student demonstrates a satisfactory mastery of knowledge but does not use appropriate nomenclature) | |
| 4,0 (Good) | 80-84% of the maximum number of points (In open questions the student has mastered the knowledge to a good level, uses the correct nomenclature) | |
| 4,5 (Good plus) | 85-90% of the maximum number of points (In open questions, the student demonstrates having extensive knowledge, but not outside the scope of the discussed material) | |
| 5,0 (Very Good) | 91-100% of the maximum number of points (In open questions, the student demonstrates having extensive knowledge, thinks independently and constructs research problems) | |
| BASIC LITERATURE | | |
| Murray, Robert K. — Harper's biochemistry, Stamford, CT; London, 1996, Appleton & Lange Donald Voet, Judith G. Voet — Biochemistry, United Kongdom, 2011, Wiley Denise Ferrier "Biochemistry". Lippincott's Illustrated Reviews | | |
| SUPPLEMENTARY LITERATURE | | |
| | | |

[1] N. V. Bhagavan. "Medical Biochemistry", Academic Press[2] Gerald Litwack "Human Biochemistry", Academic Press